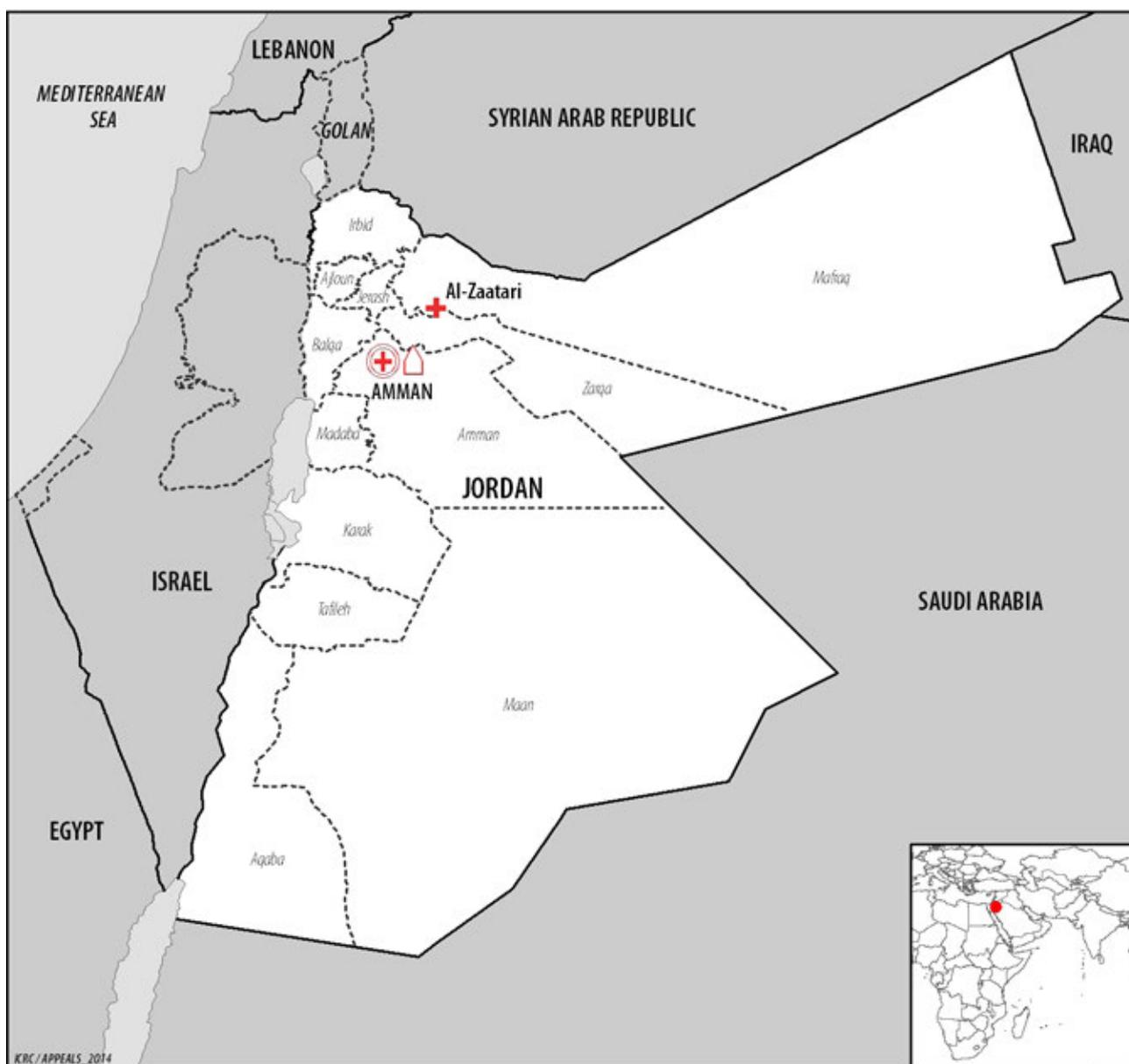


JORDAN

The ICRC has been present in Jordan since the 1967 Arab-Israeli war. Its work largely consists of visiting detainees to monitor their treatment and living conditions, and providing tracing and RCM services to enable civilians, including refugees, and foreign detainees to restore contact with their family members. In a subsidiary role, it supports and assists refugees who have fled the conflict in the Syrian Arab Republic. In close cooperation with the Jordan National Red Crescent Society, it promotes IHL throughout Jordanian society. The delegation provides logistical support to ICRC relief operations in the region and beyond.

BUDGET IN KCHF	
Protection	3,703
Assistance	7,724
Prevention	2,294
Cooperation with National Societies	640
General	1,094
Total	15,455
<i>Of which: Overheads</i>	<i>943</i>

PERSONNEL	
Mobile staff	41
Resident staff (daily workers not included)	158



 ICRC delegation
  ICRC presence
  ICRC regional logistics centre

MAIN TARGETS FOR 2014

- ▶ detainees are afforded treatment and living conditions, including access to health services, that comply with internationally recognized standards, with the authorities taking steps to review or develop pertinent policies/guidelines
- ▶ Syrians and other nationals taking refuge in Jordan from the armed conflict in the Syrian Arab Republic (hereafter Syria) receive the necessary assistance at selected border reception/collection points
- ▶ Syrians living in camps restore contact with relatives in Syria and elsewhere through family-links services offered together with the Jordan National Red Crescent Society
- ▶ wounded and sick people from Syria access quality medical and surgical treatment at hospitals benefiting from ICRC expertise and material support
- ▶ after crossing into Jordan, former members of the Syrian military/security forces held in *de facto* internment benefit from the rehabilitation of water-supply and waste-disposal systems, reducing their vulnerability to health hazards
- ▶ the Jordanian Armed Forces continue to advance the operational integration of IHL, while developing its IHL instruction capacity, including by participating in train-the-trainer workshops and relevant courses

ASSISTANCE		Targets (up to)
CIVILIANS (RESIDENTS, IDPs, RETURNEES, ETC.)		
Economic security, water and habitat (in some cases provided within a protection or cooperation programme)		
Food commodities	Beneficiaries	110,000
Essential household items	Beneficiaries	22,000
Cash	Beneficiaries	10,000
Work, services and training	Beneficiaries	17
Water and habitat activities	Beneficiaries	180,000
WOUNDED AND SICK		
Hospitals		
Hospitals supported	Structures	1



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CONTEXT

Jordan remains stable despite experiencing economic difficulties linked to high unemployment and inflation rates, a burgeoning national debt and budget deficit, and pressure from the International Monetary Fund to employ fiscal discipline. These difficulties are compounded by the effects of political instability in the region.

Besides domestic economic and political concerns, Jordan is dealing with the effects of the armed conflict in the

neighbouring Syrian Arab Republic (hereafter Syria), with some 600,000 people reportedly having crossed the border between March 2011 and August 2013 to seek refuge in the country. The World Bank has approved funding to help Jordan cover the cost of hosting Syrians, but the country's resources and public services remain stretched.

Jordan maintains good relations both with its neighbours and with Western countries.

HUMANITARIAN RESPONSE

The ICRC delegation in Jordan will continue to help the authorities enhance the living conditions of people deprived of their freedom, to restore family links disrupted by past and present armed conflict and other situations of violence in the region and to promote humanitarian principles and IHL. It will contribute to the humanitarian response for people taking refuge in Jordan from the Syrian armed conflict, filling gaps in assistance and monitoring and addressing, where possible, their protection concerns. It will support and work with the Jordan National Red Crescent Society in strengthening its capacities in IHL promotion, restoring family links and emergency response, particularly in relation to the needs arising from the armed conflict in Syria.

The situation of particularly vulnerable people from Syria, such as unaccompanied minors and Palestinian refugees, will receive special attention. On the basis of its observations and of documented humanitarian concerns, the ICRC will engage in dialogue with the authorities to encourage them to address these issues. The Jordan delegation will also provide the ICRC's Syria delegation with reports of humanitarian concerns from people in transit facilities and camps. First-aid and other training will help those returning to Syria cope with difficulties they may face.

The ICRC will fill gaps in assistance provided to refugees by the authorities and other humanitarian organizations. At selected border reception/collection points, new arrivals from Syria will benefit from the installation of essential water and sanitation facilities and the provision of hygiene items and food. Impoverished Syrians in host communities will receive some financial support to help them pay rent and meet their basic needs, as well as to ease some of the pressure on their hosts.

The authorities will be supported in delivering quality emergency and medical care to wounded and sick people arriving from Syria. This will include donating medical supplies to the Border Guard Forces (BGF) at border health posts and helping boost the first-aid capacities of National Society and other volunteers in camps and host communities, while supporting the development of the National

Society's first-aid training programme. The presence of an ICRC surgical team, along with professional training of relevant staff, will help key hospitals reinforce their capacities to manage mass casualties.

Following visits to detainees/internees, including security detainees held by the General Intelligence Department (GID), the ICRC will provide the authorities with confidential reports of its findings and, when necessary, recommendations regarding the treatment and living conditions of detainees/internees. It will pay particular attention to the practice of administrative detention/internment and the application of procedural safeguards, while helping the authorities develop health services for detainees/internees. It will also monitor the situation of Palestinians from Syria and Syrians held in *de facto* internment. Former members of the Syrian military will receive some material support to help improve their living conditions.

For foreigners, whether detained/interned or not, the ICRC will seek the commitment of the Jordanian authorities to respect the principle of *non-refoulement*. ICRC family-links services will remain available to detainees and families with relatives living or detained/interned abroad; foreigners will be assisted in contacting their embassies if they so wish.

The ICRC will continue developing its dialogue with the Jordanian authorities, armed and security forces and key civil society actors, such as journalists and members of Islamic circles, to help raise their awareness of humanitarian principles and to promote respect for IHL and other applicable law and internationally recognized standards. The Jordanian Armed Forces (JAF) will receive support in strengthening operational integration of IHL and in developing IHL instruction capacities. Efforts to promote advanced integration of IHL into domestic legislation and university curricula will continue.

The ICRC in Jordan will remain a key logistical hub for ICRC operations in the Middle East and beyond. In addition, Amman will continue to host the main training centre for ICRC staff members working in areas of the Middle East, the Balkans and the Caucasus.